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HISTORY OF BLEE FAMILY AS VRITTEN BY DOLAN BLEE TO HIS SISTER GRACE IN 1951

Dour Sister:

I am 0. K. and how are you? Regarding the migration of the older Blees,
I have no dates, but the older boys came first, and landed at Philadelphia, Pa.

That must have been Uncle Jimmie, our Grandfather Charles, Uncle William, and Uncle John. They worked in a stone quarry, and Grandfather Charles became a Marble polisher.

Uncle William got an eye knocked out while working in the quarry, and thereafter wore a patch over that eye. He was known as Patch-oye Blee.

Uncle John became a cab driver in Philadelphia. They saved money and sent for more of the family to come from Ireland. If they all came over, I do not know.

Uncle Jimmie met one of the cotton dollies who worked in one of the large cotton mills in Philadelphia. He went with her until he found she was going to have a baby. Then he and Bob Gage went to Pittsburgh, bought a barge of coal, and took it down the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers to New Orleans and sold it. They returned to Cincinnati and walked up a trail to Fort Wayne to buy land in the new country.

The Land near Fort Wayne had all been picked over, so they were obliged to look farther away, and they chose the present Blee Homestead.

The price of land was \$1.00 per acre. The land office was in Fort.

Wayne. The State had been admitted to the Union in 1816, but the counties were not all organized yet.

They each bought 80 acres, laying north and south on each side of the west line of present Blee Homestead, and built a cabin. When it was finished, it was found to be on the Gage property. John McLaughlin told me the date was 1629, but I questioned that later. I think they had followed the canal 12 miles west, then chose the homesite. The canal was in operation in 1836. The Vermillia home, on the Hogg farm, was built before that date.

If you could read the dates on the grave stones like you did when you went to the Hogs school, before Simmers piled the stones in fence corners, cut the trees and plowed the grave yard up.

Vermillia's had a small brick house at the corner of Rd. 24 and the

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county line. They used it for the hired help and a diary house. This is where Frank Hatfield built his house.

North of the Gage's 80 acres laid the Pholps farm. Their cabin stood directly north. Which was built first, I do not know. I never sew old man Phelps.

We moved to the Phelps farm in 1884 and was thore one year. Kate was born there on February 25th, 1885. It was a good frame house.

Octave Phelps lived there before he was married. His wife was a Decker girl, a sister to Dan Decker. You remember where the Decker farm was. I heard him tell of going to see his girl at the Decker farm when there was no road through Devil's Hollow. It was just a path, and returning home at night, he would carry a burning hickory bark torch to keep the wolvos away. He taught school in the early days.

The Bayless and Kelseys were early settlers. After they had bought land and built the cabin in 1829, the next we hoar of them is 1841 when they came to the home.

The Blee family built a large cabin east of the barn on the high ground south of Indian Creek. It had a spring near-by. They cleared a tract of ground and planted an orchard. They were fine apples. It was later known as "the old Orchard". I suppose they got the trees and seeds from Johnny Appleseed. I do not know who built the cabin and other buildings. Aunt Mattie, a sister of the Uncles, was the housekeeper. She was around 16 years old then.

I think old Tom McLaughlin and Mary Blee were married before they came out hore from Philadelphia. Old John McLaughlin's birth was about 1640. They, Tom McLaughlin's, had four children; John, William, James, and Margaret Crowell. Bill died from consumption when about 30 years old. Dad said the best of the family had died.

Uncle Jimmie and Uncle Tom Blee got a job in a quarry in Wabash. They walked home and back on week-ends.

Uncle Jinnie would buy cattle and hogs from the neighbors and run them in the big woods. Uncle Bill would look after them. That is all he ever did besides carrying the dinner basket to the men working in the timber.

Uncle John worked in the garden and flailed out whoat. There were no thrushing machines.

In the winter, all hands were in the woods. They put the logs on the canal bank. When spring came, the men worked the tree tops into cord wood. The small hickory was cut into hoop poles. There was a boat load of them every spring.

In the spring of 1856, Uncle Jimmie brought Dad and Uncle Johnny Buttons from Philadelphia. They were ten years old. They arrived on Easter Sunday. Uncle Jimmie had to carry Uncle John Buttons all the way from Fort Wayne to the homestead. Dad was James Blee and John was his twin brother. The boys were in a new world. They had never been out of the city. They had never seen cattle, hogs, exen, and the vast playground. They went to school at the Red School house that stood at the north-east corner at the Broxon cross-road. The religious people used to have church there. Dad and John McLaughlin killed a skunk and put it in the preacher's desk.

The Brick house and the barn were built in the year of 1856. At this time, Aunt Mattie was 31 years old. The brick for the house was made in the bottom north of the creek, and the lumber was sawed by the Kelsey mill that stood by the Indian Creek on the Kelsey place. The mill was operated by water power, and had an up and down saw. They built a dry kiln to dry the walnut lumber which was used to finish the house on the inside.

The Red School House had been moved one mile east on that corner by Dave Kelsey's, on the county line by the Bayless graveyard. It was called College Hill School.

Uncle Jimmie bought more land. In the end, he owned land to the canal from their north line, from the County line to John McLaughlin's, two eighties where Lou Hines place is, two eighties where Lim McKinsie did live, and an eighty north of the Fair Oaks School, where Bill Robins had a saw mill.

They bought whiskey for 16¢ per gallon from the whiskey boat, run by !!ike O'Erien. Dennis O'Brien ran the State boat. It was like a section card on the railroad track.

The Lynches lived on the State boat. The priest asked old Tom Lynch

how many children he had and Tom said I am the father of three or supposed to be.

Aunt liattie kept John Buttons around the house to help with the work, as he wasn't as strong as Dad. Uncle Jimmie took Dad with him to work in the woods and help on the farm. Those two were always together.

Uncle Latham Blee came West later. He helped organize and name the township. He called it Jefferson township.

A while after Uncle Jinmie brought Dad and John Buttons to the homestead, Grandfather and Grandmother Blee came too. Grandfather died in the sixties and Grandmother in 1881. I remember Grandmother Blee quite well. I still have Grandfather's gun that he brought with him. It was made in 1816. It was the only gun in the neighborhood when we lived in the cabin.

Ed McGuire was a son of Aunt Jane Blee who married a McGuire. I never knew her husband, or what became of him. Ed McGuire had a good bringing-up. He was a fine man and well educated. When he came to the Homestead, he began to put things in order. He got a set of books and kept track of their income and expenses. The older Uncles could neither read or write, so they lost money in many deals. But Ed stopped all of that when he came.

Ed wore a plug hat and dress suit and mingled with the beet class. It was told that he got into a controversy with a Canolite preacher at the old red school house, about the Catholic church. John McLaughlin tried to get Ed to sit down by pulling on his coat-tail and the tail came off the coat. Ed continued his talk without a coat-tail. Dad and John McLaughlin got even by putting a bull in the school house and leaving him there for several days. The Canolites had their next meeting in the woods.

The Eighty Acres, where Lou Hines lived, belonged to Ed McGuire. It was given to him when he married a girl by the name of Bigue.

Uncle Jimmie and Ed went to the woods to make clapboarde to repair a cabin roof. When they cut a tree, it left a large limb hanging above where they had to work. They went home that evening, thinking it would fall during the night. The next morning it was still hanging. They went to work anyway, and down it came, crushing Ed. He died the next day. His wife continued to live with the Uncles until her death. A daughter, Anna, married Ed

Litot. Ed McGruie's death was a great blow to the old Uncles.

When the cotton dolly had her baby, it was a boy. Her grandmother raised him. After the boy got older, the grandmother would tell him of his father in the West. It seems she knew the family in Bhiladelphia. Her name was Stanley and the boy's name was Jim Stanley.

Jin Stanloy was well educated and a sober young man. He was a machinist by trade. He came Wost to visit. He madehimself known to the Unclos. He was taken in and made one of the family. Dad always liked Jim Stanley.

After Grandfather and Grandmother Blee came West, their youngest son, Edward, wont to live with Aunt Mary McLaughlin and the other son lived with the Uncle Tom Blee family. The oldest son was Charles. He was a Union soldier in the Civil War. He was wounded in the battle of Gettysburg. Later he married the nurse who took care of him. It took a long time for him to recover from his wounds. When Mother would ask him to go along to church with us, he would say that it was two priests and a doctor who put him where he was, Innever knew where that was little was a fine looking man. Six foet, three inches tall and as straight as a ramrod. He had an adopted son named Ed Elee. The last I heard from him and family, they lived in Joliet, Illinois. The son was near the age of Brother Bill, and visited us in 1887.

Dad's brother Ed went to Fort Wayne when he was grown. Willie Schoonbine got him a job as fireman on the Ponnsylvania Railroad. Mag Schoenbine was going to make a great man out of him, but he was always in trouble with the engineers. Mag was Ed McGruio's sister. She was the wife of Willie Schoenbine. Willie was the draftsman for the Pennsylvania R. R.

John McLaughlin's wife Kate, named Uncle Edt Diddy: Craw and John Blee, Uncle Ton's son, John Dough Belly, those two bummed among the relatives day after day and never worked.

Ton Blee married Bridget Daugherty. She lived with her folks, one mile south of the Arcola church. She came here on a canal boat around 1850. Lait Rogers played the fiddle on the boat to entertain the passengers. Uncle Tom drave a yoke of oxen when he went to see his girl.

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Their first cabin was on the north side of the river. That is what we used to call the "Old Place". Later he bought the Keller place and lived in the old log cabin which we later used for a grainary. They later built a big frame house where Grace was born. Their children were: Maggie, John, James, William and Charles.

Bridget, the Mother, Maggie, William and Jimmie died in 1880 of Typhoid fever. Unclo Bill, Dad's brother lived with the Tom Blee family. He hauled logs for a living, all his life. He shipped logs by the car-load. He always had a good team and rig for the job.

Sister's of Tom Blee's wife, Bridget married Morris Cody and Lillian Baken Cody's daughter married Henry Fry and one of Baker's daughters married Latham Blee, son of old Uncle Latham. Her name was Mayne Baker. They had three boys. William, Herbert and James. They used to live in Aboite and he operated the saw mill there, about the year 1898.

Uncle John Buttons got his name of "Buttons" when he was quite young.

Aunt Mattie made him a coat out of an old Army uniform and used the brass

buttons down the front. John Dough Belly attended the Brother's School in

Fort Wayne and stayed with Cody's. He drove the pop wagon after school.

Eccky Cody made the pop. She never married. Morris Cody ran the ice and

pop business in Fort Wayne, and Henry Fry ran a tannery between the canal

and Main Street west of St. Mary's river. Bakers ran a saw mill near

where Superior and Spy Run join.

Mica Galliger was married to a sister of the Old Unoles. If they came west or stayed in Philadelphia, I do not know. I never saw either of them. I do know that there were three boys that were young men before Mother and Dad were married. The Names were Ed. John and Dan, and one daughter, largaret. The daughter married W. W. Walton in Roaneke. He ran a shoe store there. The Uncles claimed he forgod checks on them. They sued and had a trial, but he was acquitted. He joined the Catholic Church when he Married Margaret Galliger.

I was to John Galliger's funeral in the early eighties. It was the first time I was to the Catholic cemetery. I don't know what became of Ed Galliger. At the time John was buried, Dan was married and lived in Ossian.

He married Bridget Landrigan from Mahon. They had a large family. The Mother and one of the daughters burned to death in a kitchen fire in their home in Fort Wayne. Some of them still live in Fort Wayne, but I don't know whore.

At the time of the Civil War, John and Jim McLaughlin were afraid they would have to go to the service, so they both went to Philadelphia. Jim had all his teeth pulled and John got married and stayed in the East until the war was over. He married Kate Daugherty, no relation to Bridget, Tom Blee's wife. Jih came back and married Caroline Hinen. They raised a large family. Three boys and six daughters. Tom, James, John, Mary, Margaret, Martha, Lizzie, Frances and Alice.

About 1890, John Dough Belly married Mary Kruse of Monroeville. She died within a year after marriage. She was the sister of Father Hartman.

Joe Blee married Mary Kelly around 1901. They had two sons, Paul and Pobert.

Dad's twin brother, John married Nancy Clark. They had two son, James, and two daughters, Bernadette and Irma.

Margaret McLaughlin, daughter of Mary Else McLaughlin and Tom McLaughlin and sister of John McLaughlin, married Dock Crowell. He was a Hottentot. The old folks thought it was a good match, as Dock had lots of land. They went to live on 160 acre farm, mostly woods. It had a small house, no barn, no stock or poultry. Nothing except an old dun horse and fifty swarms of bees. Dock would sit on a bee hive and smoke his pipe. He always wore gum boots. Mever took them off until they were worn out. Then he would get a new pair. He would take a sack of wheat on the old dun horse, he would sit on top of the sack of wheat and go to the mill in Poanoke and get it ground into flour. Get back on top of sack of flour and go home, with his gum booted feet and legs dangling on each side. They had four or five children. Hannah was the oldest, then John and Mattio. Hannah married a man named Wolfe, and they lived on the old form.

Dock and Margaret McLaughlin were married at the Brick House, (The Blee Sozestera). Dock had to be baptized. Dan Gallagher and John Buttons were serving Mass. The priest, while pouring water on Dock's head, told the

toys to hold up the basin. John Buttons asked what the priest said and Dan answered, "hold Up the beast".

Mattie Crowell married Bob Norris, and ran away with a doctor shortly after the marriage. Bob Norris chased them all over the State for a week and finally lost track of them and came back home. John, the oldest, still lives out near the old farm. Another boy committed suicide. He was a fine, handsome young man. He used to work on the Bash Farm. Margaret Crowell was a fine person, but she never had a chance in life. She was buried on the Blee lot at the Catholic cemetery in Fort Wayne. Her name can be found on the gravestone there. Father Brammer preached her funeral sermon at the Cathedral in Fort Wayne. He said she was an ignorant country woman, and knew no wrong.

After Tom Blee's folks died in 1880, they hired various house-keepers for more than six years. Uncle Jimmie died in 1884. Jim McLaughlin moved in with the old folks. That lasted for one year. Then Anna McGuire's daughter, Anna and Uncle John lived alone for a couple of years.

Tom Blee had found a lady to keep house. She was from the Arcola parish.

She was a widow with one daughter. They owned a forty acre farm, north-west of Arcola. Later they moved to the Brick House (the Blee Homestead). Uncle John gave them 124 acres, with what they already had, it made them 330 acres. Mrs. Kelly and daughter Mary Ann moved with them, and continued to keep house for them. They were very industrious and worked hard to Goop things going, but by 1897, both farms were gone. Joe married Mary Ann Kelly and Charles married Mary Blee, his third cousin. We moved on the Tom Blee farm in 1890, and left there in 1898. We moved on our own 65 acres down in the prairie in Whitley County. Uncle John and the McGuires bought property on West Main Strestreet, Fort Wayne. Uncle John died there in 1904. Uncle Tom died at the Brick House in 1899?

Charles Bloe, Mary Blee's husband died 1900. They had two daughters, Agnes and Anna.

Joe Blee and Mary Kelly Blee and Mrs. Kelly left the Brick House about 1905. They moved to Fort Wayne. John Dough Belly made his home with them.

James Blee, our father, died in 1934. Kathryn Smith Blee, mother died.
in 1910. William, escond son died in 1935. Hartha Blee Sephel, died in 1942.
Charles Blee, oldest son, author of this letter, died in 1953. Kathryn Blee
Wisely, daughter died in 1960. Another son, Edward, died at the age of
five years in 1892.

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My Great, Great, Grand Parents.

James and Margaret Mahaffy Blee
Their Family: Charles, B-1801-M. Edward B-1803- M. John-B-1811

James-B 1813-William B-1817- Latham B-1815 Thomas-1820

Jane Blee Maguire-B 1799- M. Catherine Bloe Gaellager B 1805

Mary Bloe McLaughlin B-1807 M. Martha B-1809

Charles Blee Family:
Charles None
William None
Edward None
Tohn-James-Bernedette Blee Homer-Irac-Blee Madden.

John-James-Bornadette Blee Homer-Iran Blee Hadden.

James-Charles-William-Mary Blee Ottemeller-Hartha Blee Sephel-Margaret Blee

James - Charlos - William - Hary Blee Otteweeller - Hartha Blee Bephel - Margaret Blee Forter - Cathering Blee Wisely - Hogsella Blee Rauner - Grass Blee Mills.

Lathan Bled Family:

James Names unknown
Lathan - Herbert - William - James Margaret Blee Hacker - Unknown Ellen Not M.

Martha \*\*

Thomas Blee Family:

Margaret Blee - Not H. / / / / /

John - W. Mary died in St. Louis - Child birth James not M. / / / /

James not M. / / / /

William - Charles Unknown Agnes Blee Ormabe A Anna Blee Herber Josch - Robert - Paul I

Anthony and Jame Blee Haguire Family:

Margaret Maguire Schoenbine Albert Edward Maguire Walton Ellen Gallagher Curry Hartha Gallagher Curry Hartha Gallagher Daniel Gallagher John Gallagher Thomas - Sim - James - Mary Holaur James - Thomas - William - James - Mary Holaur James - Thomas - James - Mary Holaur James - Holaur Holaur - James - Mary Holaur James - Holaur Holaur - James - Holau

Edward Blee is reported married but record on his family.

Four of the eleven not married All senior members born in Ireland all Sout Osish Dones. Saland
Hy mother, the late Anna H. Litot, whose this family tree for me, at age78 Yrs.

This copy written by John G. Litot-4 South Wayne Aven. Fort Wayne, Ind 3-11-61

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